IN THE CLAIMS:

Please cancel Claim 20 and amend Claims 14 and 15, as indicated below.

The following is a complete listing of the claims, and replaces all previous versions and listings of claims in the present application.

Claim 1 (original): A method of determining at least rotation and scale parameters of a transformation relating two images, said method comprising the steps of:

forming a spatial domain representation of each of said images that is invariant to translation of said images;

performing correlation in the log-polar domain between said representations; detecting a magnitude peak in said correlation; and

determining said rotation and scale parameters from the position of said magnitude peak.

Claim 2 (original): A method as claimed in claim 1 wherein the step of forming said representation of said images comprises the sub-steps of, for each said image: performing a Fourier transform of said image to form a Fourier transformed image;

performing a function on the magnitude component of said Fourier transformed image to form an altered Fourier transformed image, said function being commutative within a constant to rotation and scale; and

performing an inverse Fourier transform on said altered Fourier transformed image to form said representation.

Claim 3 (original): A method as claimed in claim 1 wherein the step of forming said representation of said images comprises the sub-steps of, for each said image: performing a Fourier transform of said image to form a Fourier transformed image;

performing a function on the magnitude component of said Fourier transformed image to form an altered Fourier magnitude image, said function being commutative within a constant to rotation and scale;

taking the second or higher derivatives of the phase component of said

Fourier transformed image to form an altered Fourier phase image;

combining said altered Fourier magnitude and altered Fourier phase images to form an altered Fourier transformed image; and

performing an inverse Fourier transform on said altered Fourier transformed image to form said representation.

Claim 4 (original): A method as claimed in claim 3 wherein said altered Fourier phase image is formed by applying the Laplacian operator to said phase component of said Fourier transformed image.

Claim 5 (original): A method as claimed in claim 3 or 4 wherein said altered Fourier magnitude and altered Fourier phase images are combined by using said altered Fourier magnitude image as a real part of said altered Fourier transformed image, and using said altered Fourier phase image as an imaginary part of said altered Fourier transformed image.

Claim 6 (original): A method of determining at least rotation and scale parameters of a transformation relating two images, said method comprising the steps of:

forming a multi-channel function of each of said images by applying an operator to said images, said operator being commutative within a constant to rotation and scale;

forming a representation of each of said multi-channel functions that is invariant to translation of said multi-channel function;

performing correlation in the log-polar domain between said representations; detecting a magnitude peak in said correlation; and

determining said rotation and scale parameters from the position of said magnitude peak.

Claim 7 (original): A method as claimed in claim 6 wherein the step of forming said multi-channel functions comprises the sub-steps of, for each image:

convolving said image with a complex kernel function; and

multiplying said image with the result of the convolution step, wherein said complex kernel function has the Fourier transform of:

$$k(u,v) = \frac{u+iv}{|u+iv|}.$$

Claim 8 (original): A method as claimed in claim 6 wherein the step of forming said multi-channel functions comprises the sub-steps of, for each image:

convolving said image with a complex kernel function; and

multiplying said image with the result of the convolution step, wherein said complex kernel function has the Fourier transform of:

$$K'(u, v) = u + iv$$
.

Claim 9 (original): A method as claimed in claim 6 wherein the step of forming said multi-channel functions comprises, for each image:

applying an energy operator to said image to form said multi-channel function, where said energy operator is described by

$$E'[I] = ID^{n}I - (D'I)^{2},$$

wherein D is the derivative operator.

Claim 10 (original): A method as claimed in claim 6 wherein the step of forming said multi-channel functions comprises, for each image:

applying a uni-modular energy operator to said image to form said multichannel function, where said uni-modular energy operator is described by

 $E'[I] = ID^{\prime 2}I - (D'I)^2,$

wherein D' is the uni-modular derivative operator.

Claim 11 (original): A method as claimed in claim 9 or 10 wherein the step of forming said multichannel functions comprises the further sub-step of:

normalising the result of the applying step.

Claim 12 (original): A method as claimed in claim 9 or 10 wherein the step of forming said multichannel functions comprises the further sub-step of:

multiplying said image with the result of the applying step.

Claim 13 (original): A method as claimed in claim 9 or 10 wherein the step of forming said multichannel functions comprises the further sub-steps of:

normalising the result of the applying step; and multiplying said image with the result of the normalising step.

Claim 14 (currently amended): A method as claimed in any one of claims [[claim]] 6 to [[13]] 10 wherein said representations are in the spatial domain.

Claim 15 (currently amended): A method as claimed in any one of claims claim 1 to 14 claim 1 or claim 6 wherein said correlation is the Fourier-Mellin correlation.

Claim 16 (original): An apparatus for determining at least rotation and scale parameters of a transformation relating two images, said apparatus comprising:

means for forming a spatial domain representation of each of said images that is invariant to translation of said images;

means for performing correlation in the log-polar domain between said representations;

means for detecting a magnitude peak in said correlation; and
means for determining said rotation and scale parameters from the position
of said magnitude peak.

Claim 17 (original): An apparatus for determining at least rotation and scale parameters of a transformation relating two images, said apparatus comprising:

means for forming a multi-channel function of each of said images by applying an operator to said images, said operator being commutative within a constant to rotation and scale;

means for forming a representation of each of said multi-channel functions that is invariant to translation of said multi-channel function;

means for performing correlation in the log-polar domain between said representations;

means for detecting a magnitude peak in said correlation; and
means for determining said rotation and scale parameters from the position
of said magnitude peak.

Claim 18 (original): A program stored on a memory medium for determining at least rotation and scale parameters of a transformation relating two images, said program comprising:

code for forming a spatial domain representation of each of said images that is invariant to translation of said images;

code for performing correlation in the log-polar domain between said representations;

code for detecting a magnitude peak in said correlation; and code for determining said rotation and scale parameters from the position of said magnitude peak.

Claim 19 (original): A program stored on a memory medium for determining at least rotation and scale parameters of a transformation relating two images, said program comprising:

code for forming a multi-channel function of each of said images by applying an operator to said images, said operator being commutative within a constant to rotation and scale;

code for forming a representation of each of said multi-channel functions that is invariant to translation of said multi-channel function;

code for performing correlation in the log-polar domain between said representations;

code for detecting a magnitude peak in said correlation; and

code for determining said rotation and scale parameters from the position of said magnitude peak.

Claim 20 (canceled).